





Escalator Handrail Installation and Maintenance

Course 211

Transit Elevator/Escalator Maintenance Training Consortium

Escalator: Handrail Installation and Maintenance Participant Grant Transit Flori

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REVISION INDEX

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

		PAGE
HOW '	TO USE THE PARTICIPANT GUIDE	<i>VII</i>
MODU	ULE 1 GENERAL SAFETY PROCEDURES	1
1-1	REVIEW OF 200 AND 208	<u>C</u> 2
1-2	2 ESCALATORS AND MOVING WALKS	9
1-3		11
1-4		12
1-5	5 LOCAL SAFETY PRACTICES FOR WORKING INSIDE EQUIPMENT	13
1-6	6 LOCAL SAFETY PRACTICES FOR BARRICADES AND SIGNAGE	15
1-7	7 SUMMARY	
MOD	OULE 2 HANDRAIL DRIVE SYSTEMS	17
	-1 INTRODUCTION	19
2-2	2 HANDRAIL SPEED	21
2-3	2 HANDRAIL SPEED3 HANDRAIL MATERIALS	22
2-4	.4 HANDRAIL PROFILES (SHAPE)	24
2-:	5 HANDRAIL TRACKS/GUIDES	26
2-0		27
2-	7 CONTINUOUS LOOP KAN RAILS	30
2-8	8 TYPES OF HANDRAIL DRIVE SYSTEMS	31
2-9	9 DRIVE SHEAVEO	36
2-	-10 HANDRAIL ADJUSTMENTS	38
2-	-11 PINCH ROLLER ADJUSTMENTS(TRACTION ADJUSTMENTS)	40
2-	12 NEWEKS	41
2-	-13 NEWEL ROLLERS, BEARINGS, AND WHEELS	42
2-	ANLET BRUSHES	43
2-	15 INLET BOOTS	
2-	15 INLET DOORS	44
	-16 COMMON HAND TOOLS	
2-	-17 SPECIALTY TOOLS	46
2-	-19 SUMMARY	46

MODUL	E 3 HANDRAIL AND HANDRAIL DRIVE REMOVAL & REPLACEMENT	47
3-1	INTRODUCTION	48
3-2	SHARP EDGES	48
3-3	PINCH POINTS	
3-4	MEASURING ON AN INCLINE -EHC'S RECOMMENDATIONS	49
3-5	PROPER LIFTING TECHNIQUES	52
3-6	MEASURING ON AN INCLINE –EHC'S RECOMMENDATIONS PROPER LIFTING TECHNIQUES SPLICING VULCANIZING PROCEDURES ADJUST HANDRAIL DRIVE TENSION SPECIALTY TOOLS	52
3-7	VULCANIZING PROCEDURES	59
3-8	ADJUST HANDRAIL DRIVE TENSION	63
3-9	SPECIALTY TOOLS	71
3-10	TRANSITALITHORITY SPECIFIC PROCEDURES (CHRISTINT)	17)
3-11	HANDRAIL DRIVE	73
3-13	HANDRAIL DRIVE SUMMARY E AINSPECTION MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING	75
MODUL	E 4 INSPECTION, MAINTENANCE, AND INVUBLESHOOTING	/0
4-1	INTRODUCTION	77
4-2	INSPECT FOR BEADING, CAPPING, CRACKS, CUTS, AND TEARS	
4-3	INSPECT FOR VANDALISM	78
4-4	DE-LAMINATION AND BURBLES AT THE SPLICE	
4-5	CLEANING, POLISHING, AND VACUUMING TENSION	79
4-6	TENSION	81
4-7	TRANSITION – FROM INCLINE TO HORIZONTAL	82
4-8	STORAGE AND COILING	83
4-9	TRANSIT GENCY SPECIFIC MAINTENANCE DOCUMENTATION	86
4-10	SPECOLYY TOOLS – DOCUMENTATION	86
4-11	SUMMARY	88
APPEN	NA: GLOSSARY OF TERMS	89
21	TRANSITION - FROM INCLINE TO HORIZONTAL STORAGE AND COILING TRANSIT AGENCY SPECIFIC MAINTENANCE DOCUMENTATION SPECIFIC TOOLS - DOCUMENTATION SULMARY A: GLOSSARY OF TERMS	
X		
O.A.		
OF		
V		

LIST OF FIGURES

		<u>PAGE</u>
Figure 1.1	Wear Proper PPE	2
Figure 1.2	Be Aware of Pinch Points	2
Figure 1.3	Proper Lifting Technique	<i>C</i> _
Figure 1.4	Danger Signs and Personal Protection Equipment	6
Figure 1.5	Danger Signs and Personal Protection Equipment (Continued)	7
Figure 1.6	Danger Signs and Personal Protection Equipment (Continued)	8
Figure 1.7	Think Safety First	9
Figure 1.8	Lockout/Tagout Tag	10
Figure 1.9	Barricade for Escalator. Source: www.trafficwks.com	11
Figure 1.10	Examples of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).	12
Figure 1.11	Think Safety	14
Figure 1.12	Safety Matters!	14
	Barricade for Escalators and Elevators. Source: www.lustreproducts.com	15
Figure 1.14	Warning Signs	16
Figure 2.1	Side Area Cut - A Code Violation and Safety	19
Figure 2.2	Handrail Speed Sensor	
Figure 2.3	Handrail Drive Sheay Fijitec	23
Figure 2.4	"C" Groove Handrail	24
Figure 2.5	V-Groove Hardwail	24
Figure 2.6	V-Groove Handrail and Guide	25
Figure 2.7	Low-profile, C-groove Handrail	25
Figure 2.8	Lew-profile, V-groove Handrail	25
Figure 2.9	Handrail Guide Track	26
Figure 2.10	Unspliced, Uncut Handrail on Spool	27
Figure 2.11	Close-up View of Handrail Binding	27
Figure 2.12	Handrail Binding Old to New	28
Figure 2.13	Vulcanizing Machine	28
Figure 2.14	Continuous Loop Handrail	30
	Handrail Transmission	
Figure 2.16	Example of an Escalator Handrail Posi-Drive TM	32

Figure 2.17	Modular Belt Drive	32
Figure 2.18	Modular Belt Drive with Modification	33
Figure 2.19	Modular Handrail Drive System	34
Figure 2.20	Standard Drive Sheave	35
Figure 2.21	Posi-Drive TM Sheave	35
Figure 2.22	Modular	35
Figure 2.23	Montgomery (Kone) Drive Sheave	37
Figure 2.24	Posi-Drive TM	37
Figure 2.25	External Drive (Bull Gear and Extra Sprocket	37
Figure 2.26	Handrail attempting to lay flat due to proper tension.	39
Figure 2.27	Handrail Pinch Roller Adjustments	40
Figure 2.28	Various Newels	41
Figure 2.29	Newel Rollers	42
Figure 2.30	Handrail Inlet Brush O&K Prevents Debris from Entering Inlet Brush with Handrail Detached	43
Figure 2.31	Prevents Debris from Entering.	43
Figure 2.32	Inlet Brush with Handrail Detached	43
	Handrail Boot	44
Figure 2.34	Handrail Guard.	44
Figure 2.35	Inlet Doors – Open Sidewice	44
	Common Hand Took for Inspection	45
Figure 2.37	Handrail Removar Installation Tool	46
Figure 3.1	Sharp Edges on Handrail Guides	48
Figure 3.2	Pinch Pourt on Handrail	49
Figure 3.3	Messing on an Incline Courtesy of Escalator Handrail Company	
Figure 3.4	Measuring Specifications for Various Escalator Manufacturers	51
Figure 3.5	Yools for Splicing and Vulcanizing	53
Figure 8.6	Plus Two – Manufacturer's Start & Finish line	53
Figure 3.7	45-Deg Bias Cut After First Extending and Lining Up the Start and Finish Lines.	53
Figure 3.8	Unspliced, Uncut Handrail on Spool	57
Figure 3.9	Handrail Vulcanizing Machine Commonly Referred to as a Cooker	59
Figure 3.10	Clean the Vulcanizing Machine	59
Figure 3.11	Completed Splices in Vucanizer	60
Figure 3.12	Top Piece on Vucaizing Machine	60

Figure 3.13	Damage to the Vulcanizing Machine from a Hammer	62
•	Handrail Chain Slack Illustration	
_	Handrail Drive Chain Measurement	
•	Handrail Tension (Take Up) Device	
	Handrail Guides	
· ·	Handrail Guides	
Figure 3.19	Fujitec Handrail Guides	66
Figure 3.20	One-Inch Deflection	2 67
Figure 3.21	Pressure Adjustment	68
Figure 3.22	Upthrust Roller Adjustment	68
	Cluster Roller Handrail Guide Roller Adjustment	69
Figure 3.24	Loop Tension Adjustment	70
Figure 3.25	Loop Tension Adjustment	70
Figure 3.26	Loop Tension Adjustment Handrail Vulcanizing Machine	71
Figure 3.27	Adjustable and Idler Sheave/Sprocket	74
Figure 4.1	Cut Located on the Handrail	
Figure 4.2	Cracked Handrail	78
Figure 4.3	Vandalism	78
Figure 4.4	Handrail Cleaning	79
Figure 4.5	Handrail Too Loose Tight	81
Figure 4.6	Transition of Escaptor Wear on Side	82
Figure 4.7	Handrail Storage –Courtesy EHC	83
Figure 4.8	Coil Step 7 – Courtesy EHC	84
Figure 4.9	Coi Ster 2 – Courtesy EHC	84
	CM Step 3 –Courtesy EHC	
Figure 4.11	Voil Step 4 –Courtesy EHC	85
Figure 4.12	Coil Step 5 – Courtesy of EHC	85
_	Daily Inspection Card	
Nigure 4.14	Monthly Inspection Cardy –Courtesy SEPTA	87

HOW TO USE THE PARTICIPANT GUIDE

Purpose of the Course

Approach of the Park.

Approach of the Book

Each course module begins with an outline, a statement of purpose and objectives, and of key terms. The *outline* will discuss the main topics to be addressed in the module. A key terms identifies important terminology that will be introduced in this module. Learning objectives define the basic skills, knowledge, and abilities course participants the able to demonstrate to show that they have learned the material presented in the mothe. A list of key The review of RAMS II WET WE AND THE REPORT OF RAMS II WET WE AND THE REPORT OF RAMS II WE THE REPORT OF REPORT OF RAMS II WE THE REPORT OF RAMS II WE THEN THE REPORT OF RAMS II WE THEN THE REPORT OF RAMS II WE THE REPORT OF RAMS II WE THEN THE REPORT OF RAMS II WE terms identifies important terminology that will be introduced in each coarse module. Review exercises conclude each module to assist the participants in reviewing information.

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Module 1

GENERAL SAFETY PROCEDURES

OUTLINE

PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES

JAES

JAIOVING Walks

JACOVING The purpose of this module is to provide an overview for the apprentice with a conceptual understanding of escalator step installation and maintenance safety practices.

Following the completion of this product, the participant should be able to complete the objectives with an accuracy of 75% or greater:

- Identify general safety ora
- Relate safe work practice to escalator maintenance

KEY TERMS

- (Code Book)
- vator Industry Employees' Field Safety Handbook
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- Related Agency Standard **Operating Procedures** (SOP) and Maintenance **Practices**
- Transit Agency Safety Handbook

2-8 TYPES OF HANDRAIL DRIVE SYSTEMS

The handrail is driven by friction sheaves mounted on a shaft. This shaft is driven by either a chain (conventional), gear (gear-driven), or belt (belt-driven). The handrail will move at the same speed as the steps. Friction wheels may have various materials attached to the wheels to increase friction. The handrail is held against the friction wheel by an adjustable spring-loaded holding fixture. Pressure between the handrail and friction wheel is set by adjusting the compression of the loaded springs.

Conventional - Chain Drive

A Conventional handrail drive system can be one of two types. The direct drive system is a chain driven directly by a main handrail chain. An indirect drive system is driver off a drive system which is driven off the main shaft for the step chain system. (A sprocker on the main drive shaft drives a countershaft. The countershaft then drives the left and right side handrail chains. Sprockets are used to adjust the tension by removing slack on the chains.)

Handrail Transmission - Gear Driven (O&K ONLY)

The drive system is a gear system, which connects to the main trive shaft from the motor to the handrail drive shaft.

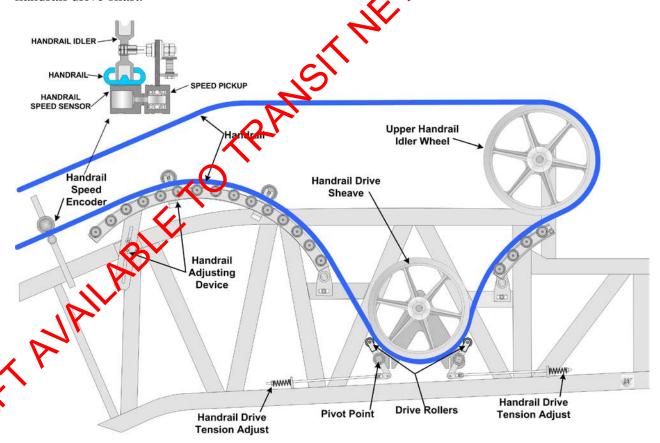
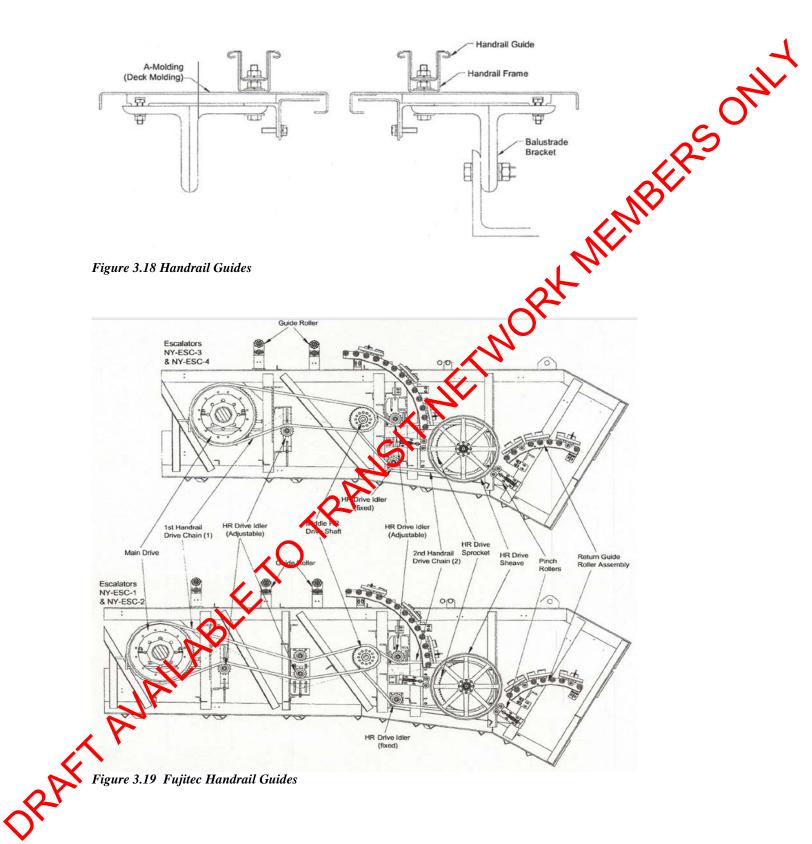


Figure 2.15 Handrail Transmission



Westinghouse Handrail Drive System Adjustment

Drive Chain and Sprocket Reference

1. The drive chain idler assembly is used to take the slack out of the drive chain. DO NOT OVER - TIGHTEN THE DRIVE CHAIN OR EXCESSIVE SPROCKET WEAR, CHAIN STRETCH AND HANDRAIL JERKING WILL RESULT. The ideal tension is achieved with a total deflection of 1" measured midway between the idler and main sprocket on the handrail drive.

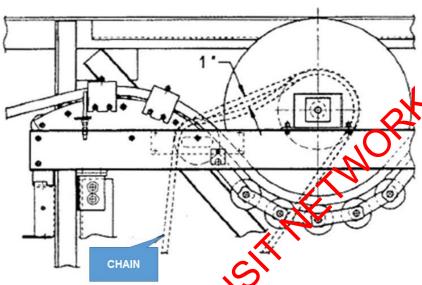


Figure 3.20 One-Inch Deflection

- a. Chain inspection: **Caption** Never shorten the chain and never replace the sprockets without replacing the chain. When it is necessary to replace a sprocket, the sprockets must be replaced as a set.
- b. If the chain rices up on the drive sprocket and the sprockets do not appear to be worn, or if all the adjustment is used up in the idler assembly, replace the chain.
- c. The initial length of the chain, including the master link, is 95-1/4" long. When the thain stretches to 96-3/4", it should be replaced.

2. Sprocke inspection:

- If the tooth profile begins to form a "hooked" shape, replace the sprockets and chain.
- b. If the wear on the sprockets is non-symmetrical, check alignment.
- c. If the sprocket tips show wear, replace the chain.
- 3. When replacing sprockets, the output sprocket on the gear reducer MUST be plumb with the handrail drive sprocket. The outside surface of the handrail drive sprocket must be located 5/8" from the inside surface of the (outer) handrail drive frame. (This dimension centers the idler in the center of its float.)